## Research Proposal Outline

**Research Topic:** *A Hybrid AI-Human Framework for Mitigating Security Vulnerabilities in Generative AI-Assisted Automated Code Review.*

This outline for a research proposal is for a project titled, "A Hybrid AI-Human Framework for Mitigating Security Vulnerabilities in Generative AI-Assisted Automated Code Review." It details the plan to design and evaluate a new framework that combines AI and human oversight to improve software security in automated code review (ACR).

**1. Introduction**

* **Background:** The increasing use of Generative AI (GenAI), particularly Large Language Models (LLMs), is transforming the Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC) by enhancing ACR with advanced capabilities (Sisk et al., 2024; Zhou et al., 2024). However, this introduces new security risks.
* **Problem Statement:** The probabilistic nature of LLM-assisted ACR creates novel security risks like prompt injection, data leakage, and insecure code generation, which traditional security tools cannot handle. There's a critical lack of empirical research on how to securely integrate these systems into CI/CD pipelines (OWASP Foundation, 2023; Hossen et al., 2024; Wang et al., 2025). This proposal aims to fill this gap by developing and testing a hybrid framework.
* **Aim & Objectives:** The study's aim is to design, implement, and evaluate a novel hybrid AI-human framework for mitigating security vulnerabilities. Key objectives include a literature review, framework design, prototype development, empirical evaluation, comparative analysis, and producing a peer-review-ready paper and open-source artifact.

**2. Research Questions & Hypotheses**

* **RQ1:** Does the hybrid framework detect and remediate more security vulnerabilities than LLM-only or SAST-only approaches?
  + **H1:** The hybrid framework will achieve at least a 15% higher F1-score for vulnerability detection than either baseline (p < 0.05).
* **RQ2:** Can the framework reduce insecure "hallucinated" code without significantly increasing developer workload?
  + **H2:** Developer review time will rise by no more than 20% compared to LLM-only workflows while reducing confirmed insecure commits by.

**3. Methodology**

* **Research Design:** A **design-science research approach** will be used to iteratively build and evaluate a prototype named "Hybrid-Secure-ACR" (Hevner et al., 2004). The project will be guided by a socio-technical security lens, considering both technical and human factors (Saxe et al., 2018).
* **Phases:** The project includes requirements elicitation, prototype development, and experimental evaluation.
* **Artefact Description:** The "Hybrid-Secure-ACR" CI/CD pipeline will feature four key gates:
  1. A pre-commit LLM assistant.
  2. Static and Dynamic Security Testing (using Semgrep and OWASP ZAP).
  3. An automated LLM cross-check using Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG).
  4. Structured human oversight for high-risk modules.
* **Data & Analysis:**
  1. **Datasets:** The framework will be tested on open-source repositories in Python, Java, and JavaScript seeded with known vulnerabilities from datasets like the OWASP *(Open Web Application Security Project - a non-profit foundation and global community that works to improve the security of software)* Benchmark Project and CVE-Bench (Wang et al., 2025).
  2. **Metrics:** Performance will be measured by F1-score, false-positive rate, mean time-to-repair, and developer review effort.
  3. **Analysis:** Quantitative data will be analysed using paired t-tests and ANOVA *(a statistical technique that compares the means of multiple groups by analysing the variance between and within them).* Qualitative data from semi-structured interviews with 12-15 developers will be analysed using thematic analysis (Braun & Clarke, 2006).

**4. Significance & Contribution**

* **Academic:** The project addresses recognized gaps in longitudinal security impact and cost-benefit analysis of GenAI deployment (Badhwar, 2025; Murikah, 2024).
* **Industry:** It provides a practical blueprint for securely integrating GenAI tools like GitHub Copilot into regulated environments (NIST, 2025).
* **Professional:** The research aligns with the UK Cyber Security Body of Knowledge (CyBOK) in key areas such as Software Security, AI Security, and Human Factors (CyBOK, 2021).

**5. Ethical & Professional Considerations**

* All code used will be open source, and no personal data will be processed, ensuring data privacy.
* The project will adhere to responsible AI guidelines, including IEEE Ethically Aligned Design and UK GDPR.
* Ethical approvals for developer interviews will be obtained, with informed consent and the right to withdraw guaranteed.
* The research will comply with the BCS Code of Conduct and CyBOK recommendations.

**6. Expected Outcomes & Conclusion**

* The project is expected to produce a validated open-source framework and a reproducible evaluation methodology.
* It will provide empirical evidence on the security efficacy and cost-benefit of a hybrid AI-human ACR approach, offering guidance for both industry adoption and standards bodies like NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) and OWASP.
* In conclusion, this research will directly address gaps in secure GenAI-assisted software development by creating a practical, research-driven artifact that combines deterministic security testing, probabilistic LLM reasoning, and human oversight.

**References**

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